

## Geoscience Australia Earth Science Week quiz and find-a-word activity

Hir	nt: the answers to the quiz are in the find-a-word!
1.	G, the study of our Earth and its systems and touches the life of every Australian.
2.	Our Exploring for the Future program is working to provide Australia with the identification of new major mineral, energy and groundwater resources to build thriving R communities.
3.	CM are important for a low emission future, especially in the building of solar panels and electric vehicles.
4.	H is an important fuel to support Australia's low emissions future.
5.	Z is coated on other metals to prevent rust and corrosion.
6.	Artificial caverns in naturally occurring geological salt deposits are also known as D
7.	G is an important water source for our dry nation.
8.	Groundwater naturally comes to the surface from S?
9.	What is groundwater usually sampled from? B
10.	Australia's MJ is almost double the size of Australia's landmass.
11.	We're applying B mapping as well as other sciences to help us understand Australia's marine jurisdiction.
12.	The work we do across Australia, our maritime boundaries and with our P N, empowers decision making by government, C and industry.
13.	We have been doing scientific research in remote A for over 60 years.
14.	Geoscience Australia's global navigation satellite system (GNSS) analysis centre software, Ginan, is an open-source software providing GNSS analysis that delivers real-time P point positioning correction services.
15.	Our National Earthquakes A Centre monitors Australia's national seismic network, 24 hours 7 days a week.
16.	We worked with government and industry to develop the severe wind H assessment to help Australia plan are prepare for wind hazards.
17.	We provide geoscience data to Australia and our neighbouring Pacific countries for 10 specific hazards that we observe and study, what are these hazards? D, E, F, B, T, C, V, SW, SW and CE
18.	Scientists utilise R b kits to measure the aftershocks of an earthquake.
19.	We use S to give us positioning accuracy of around 3–5 cm.
20.	Data from EO helps us assess Australia's changing landscape.
21.	We have two satellite Lstations that help measure precise distances to satellites by timing the reflected flight of laser B pulses.
22.	Satellite positioning technologies have enabled us to have precise N on our phones and in our cars.
23.	The Australian tectonic plate is moving approximately S cm a year north northeast.
24.	SP is a joint initiative of the Australian and New Zealand governments that provides satellite-based



augmentation system (SBAS) services for Australia and New Zealand.

G	С	R	ı	Т	ı	С	А	L	М	ı	N	Е	R	А	L	S	ı
Т	V	G	F	E	V	0	S	R	Н	E	S	M	E	Т	L	E	Y
R	С	R	Р	ı	С	G	I	А	Е	W	Z	I	N	С	I	V	G
0	J	0	А	D	J	Р	Z	R	Т	G	W	Е	R	Т	Υ	Е	N
Р	Н	U	С	R	Т	А	0	V	G	E	I	R	Z	G	Н	R	ı
I	Т	N	ı	G	R	С	Υ	R	V	D	L	0	S	Е	М	Е	G
С	S	D	F	D	L	S	В	А	В	В	М	L	N	Т	Е	W	N
А	Е	W	I	Т	В	Н	G	М	R	0	Е	Т	I	А	С	I	А
L	D	А	С	S	Т	А	F	G	Е	М	R	S	Υ	Т	L	N	R
С	С	Т	N	А	В	Υ	S	I	Е	С	D	Е	F	S	Е	D	R
Υ	А	Е	Е	K	I	А	С	В	Р	А	F	А	Н	N	I	S	Е
С	Z	R	I	А	F	S	S	G	I	Z	I	D	Е	0	R	А	S
L	Υ	F	G	Т	Е	L	Т	Е	0	Χ	Р	М	D	F	L	Н	А
0	U	Е	Н	I	R	S	0	Z	L	А	Р	S	А	V	N	Е	L
N	S	R	В	K	А	А	Н	0	F	I	L	А	Р	N	Т	R	S
Е	R	0	0	С	R	Т	R	Е	D	W	N	Т	I	А	U	М	N
S	Е	F	U	G	Н	J	Р	А	N	Е	Н	Е	L	Е	W	S	М
А	Р	А	R	А	Р	I	D	D	Е	Р	L	0	Υ	М	Е	N	Т
U	I	А	S	0	D	L	А	I	Е	R	В	U	Р	N	А	М	Н
F	С	N	С	J	R	А	L	Е	R	Т	S	F	R	S	N	U	Е
Т	0	D	А	Е	N	V	D	R	А	L	N	Т	Е	R	Е	S	А
I	М	S	D	Υ	W	А	S	L	А	Т	Е	I	С	J	G	G	R
K	М	В	F	S	D	Е	D	I	U	Υ	F	K	I	Н	0	F	Т
М	U	А	U	Х	Р	L	А	R	0	Е	V	С	S	J	R	V	Н
Е	N	Р	N	S	Т	R	0	Т	Н	А	М	G	Е	Н	D	Е	0
С	I	K	А	K	Н	А	I	U	Н	G	U	М	U	D	Υ	R	В
0	Т	0	V	0	S	F	G	N	D	Е	S	Е	S	Е	Н	Т	S
А	I	Р	I	М	D	N	I	G	G	Н	R	С	0	R	F	Υ	Е
I	Е	М	G	F	R	F	U	R	Е	S	Р	0	U	N	W	G	R
F	S	Н	А	А	V	М	А	R	Е	А	0	S	Т	Н	G	E	V
D	S	I	Т	U	G	D	В	K	Υ	0	Υ	А	Н	U	А	0	А
В	Т	А	I	S	E	R	А	K	S	D	I	А	Р	I	R	S	Т
Е	S	D	0	F	G	U	Т	N	С	Υ	U	N	Α	G	0	С	I
А	А	V	N	J	Q	Е	I	Н	Т	Т	R	V	N	Н	Т	I	0
М	V	J	Υ	Н	R	0	В	D	R	0	U	G	Н	Т	А	E	N
Е	В	М	Т	В	Т	L	В	0	R	Е	Е	N	G	0	G	N	I
Υ	Е	R	Р	J	W	V	0	L	С	А	N	0	Е	S	N	С	Υ
N	А	F	W	А	F	R	Н	J	А	S	Х	N	Υ	V	Е	Е	R
Е	А	N	А	N	Т	А	R	С	Т	I	С	А	В	М	Е	I	Е
М	N	0	I	S	0	R	Е	L	А	Т	S	А	0	С	I	S	D
М	А	R	I	N	Е	J	U	R	I	S	D	I	С	Т	I	0	N

Groundwater Hazard Tsunami Rapid Deployment Bushfire Diapirs Drought Severewinds Critical Minerals Volcano Space Weather Flood Satellites Seven Baseline Southpan Antarctica Laser Ranging Boreholes Earthquake Regional Marine Jurisdiction Tropical Cyclone Hydrogen Navigation Beam Precise Alerts Pacific Neighbours Coastal Erosion Earth Observation Zinc Springs Geoscience Communities